Exam 1

Name: \_

Answer the questions on the exam and not on a separate sheet of paper. No work is necessary for the True/False questions. For all other questions, please circle your answers and show your work for full credit. There are 10 questions for a total of 100 points.

True or False: Please circle either true or false. No work is necessary.

 $1. (5 \text{ points}) \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=0}^{n} x_i^2 \Delta x = \frac{1}{3} \text{ where } \{x_i\} \text{ is a partition of the interval } [0,1] \text{ for each } n.$ A. True B. False

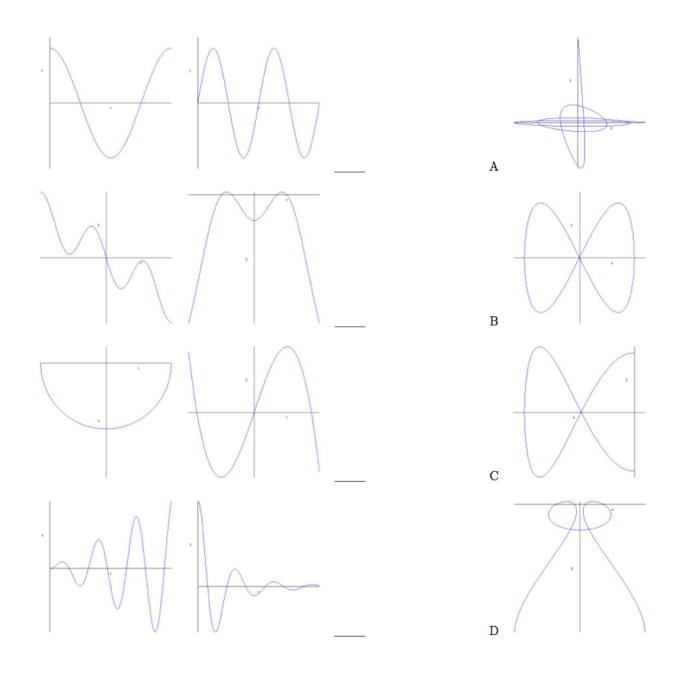
\_\_\_\_\_ 3. (5 points) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} t(1-t)^2 dt = 0.$$
  
A. True B. False

$$----- 4. (5 \text{ points}) \int e^{5x} dx = \frac{1}{5}e^{5x} + C.$$
A. True B. False

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. (5 points) 
$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{x^2} + C$$
.  
A. True B. False

Matching. For each question match exactly one item one group with exactly one item from the other group.

6. (15 points) Match the graphs of the parametric equations x = f(t) and y = g(t) on the left with the parametric curves on the right.



Short Answer. Make sure and justify your answer for full credit.

- 7. (20 points) Let f be a function with the following conditions.
  - (1) f is differentiable on [a, b];
  - (2) f' is continuous on [a, b];

(3) 
$$f(a) = f(b) = 0;$$
  
(4)  $\int_{a}^{b} f^{2}(x) dx = 1.$   
Show that  $\int_{a}^{b} x f(x) f'(x) dx = -\frac{1}{2}.$ 

8. (10 points) Let f be a continuous function on [a, b]. Explain why the function f has an antiderivative on [a, b]. 9. (15 points) Find the area enclosed by the curve  $x = t^2 - 2t$ ,  $y = \sqrt{t}$ , and the y-axis.

10. (15 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating about the x-axis the region under the curve  $y = \sqrt{x}$  from 0 to 1. Give the exact answer and do not approximate.